

VOTER EDUCATION FOR INFORMED AND ETHICAL VOTING

The case of Uganda General Elections 2016

ard Mbadara

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Introduction

The Electoral Commission of Uganda is established under Article 60 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uganda 1995 (as amended)

Functions of the Commission are stipulated under Article 61 of the Constitution.

Powers to Accredit

The Electoral Commission has also got powers to Accredit Non-partisan Individuals, Groups and Institutions to carry out voter education on its behalf according to the Commission guidelines.

Legal Basis For Voter Education

The Constitution of the Republic of Uganda (1995) gives power to the people to decide on Who shall govern them and How they shall be governed.

The Commission is also mandated by the Constitution to formulate and implement voter educational programmes.

Definition of Key Concepts

Voter Education: Building awareness for effective participation of all stakeholders in an electoral process.

Informed Voting: Deliberate effort by EMB's to inform voters of electoral activities to enable them to make an informed choice on voting day.

Ethical Voting: Free and Fair elections that deliver acceptable results/outcomes.

Definition of Key Concepts Cont.

QualityElectoralParticipation;Participating in all election activitiesaccording to the law and guidelines.

Stakeholders in an Election; All Individuals, Institutions, Groups and Organizations that have a role to play in an electoral process.

Understanding Ethical Voting

Informed Voters +Ethical Voting= Acceptable Results/Outcomes (A)

Informed Voters + Ethical Voting = Quality
Participation (B)

Quality Participation + Acceptable Outcomes= Free and Fair Elections (C)

Theoretical Views on Ethical Voting

The Folk Theory on Voting Ethics: (Jason Brennan)

1) Each citizen has a civic duty to vote

2) Any good faith vote is morally acceptable

3) It is wrong to buy or sell one's vote

Ethical Voting: Case of Uganda

Electoral system for Uganda; First Past The Post, FPTP; (50+1%), Simple Majority (MPs) Equal weight for every vote eveling the playing field for all Parties **Commercialization of Elections** Voting being voluntary.

Criteria For Voter Education

Target Group Background Information Medium/ Channel of communication Methods of delivery Content Language Timing of information Source of Information

Excerpts of Voter Education

- Election Slogan; Your Vote, Your Power, Your Country
- Voting procedure and Modalities
- Voter Education Through Road Shows
- SMS Messages on Location of Polling Stations
- Poster on Voting should not divide us
- Poster on Not selling Votes

Launch of Voter Education



Conducting a voter education radio talk show



Conduct of voter education by road shows



Your Vote, Your Power, Your Country Go and Exercise It



Use your phone to locate your polling station



THE ELECTORAL COMMISION

GENERAL ELECTIONS 2016

"Locate your polling station "

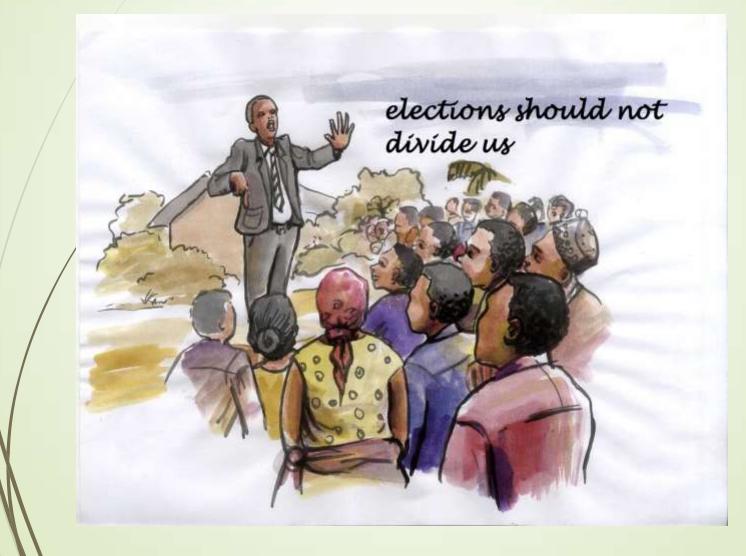
SMS* ONE of the following Numbers to 8228

and recieve a reply with the exact location of YOUR polling station

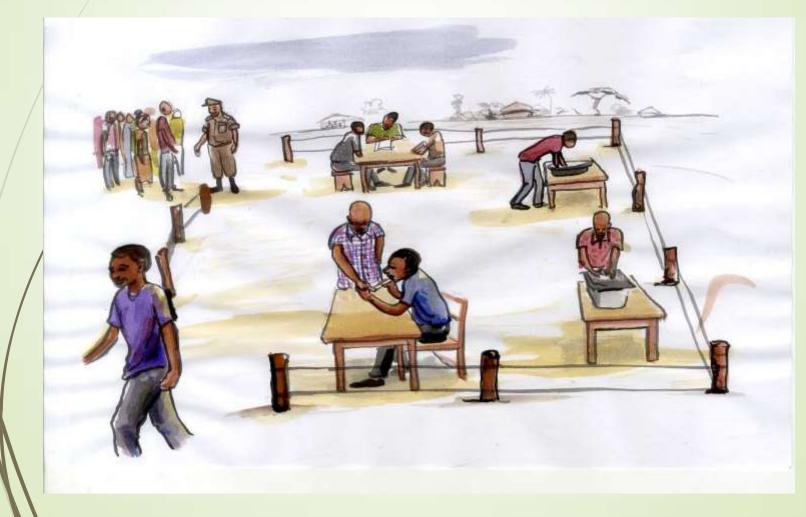
***FIRST 2 MILLION SMS ARE FOR FREE!**

"MY VOTE - MY VOICE - MY COUNTRY"

Attend campaign rallies



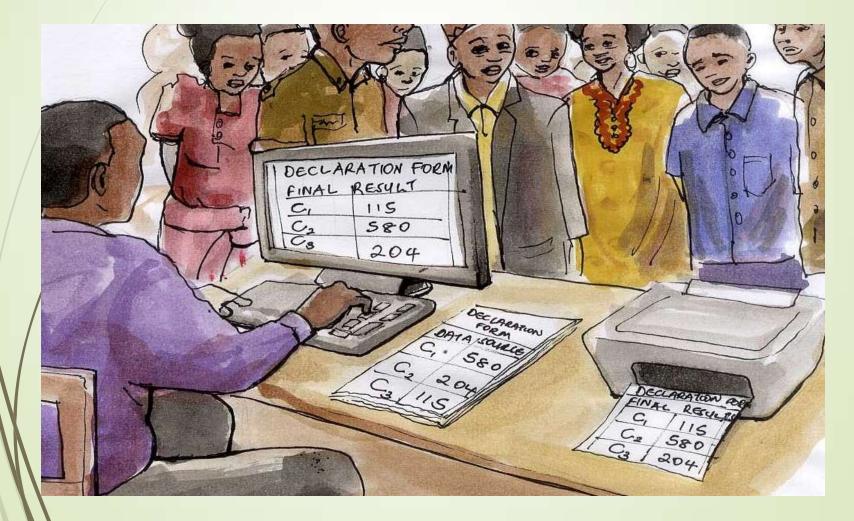
Observe the voting procedure and modalities at the polling station



Your Vote is Your Power, "Do NOT Sell It"



Determining Election Results /Outcomes



Challenges Encountered

- Voter apathy and fatigue
- Low levels of literacy among the voters
- Multi tribal society
- Poverty among voters
- Commercialization of Politics
- EMBs limited mandate to conduct only voter education
- Inadequate funding
- Continuous changes in the laws.

Conclusion

There has never been enough voter education

Focus on giving quality education to all the voters at the right time, to have an informed electorate, in order to achieve free and fair (Ethical) electoral participation.



Thank You For Listening To Me God Bless You.